



# Afghanistan Casualties: Military Forces and Civilians

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## Summary

This report collects statistics from a variety of sources on casualties sustained during Operation Enduring Freedom (OEF), which began on October 7, 2001, and is ongoing. OEF actions take place primarily in Afghanistan; however, OEF casualties also includes American casualties in Pakistan, Uzbekistan, Guantanamo Bay (Cuba), Djibouti, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Jordan, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, the Philippines, Seychelles, Sudan, Tajikistan, Turkey, and Yemen.

Casualty data of U.S. military forces are compiled by the U.S. Department of Defense (DOD), as tallied from the agency's press releases. Also included are statistics on those wounded but not killed. Statistics may be revised as circumstances are investigated and as records are processed through the U.S. military's casualty system. More frequent updates are available at DOD's website at <http://www.defenselink.mil/news/> under "Casualty Update."

A detailed casualty summary of U.S. military forces that includes data on deaths by cause, as well as statistics on soldiers wounded in action, is available at the following DOD website: <http://siadapp.dmdc.osd.mil/personnel/CASUALTY/castop.htm>.

NATO's International Security Assistance Force (ISAF) does not post casualty statistics of the military forces of partner countries on the ISAF website at <http://www.isaf.nato.int/>. ISAF press releases state that it is ISAF policy to defer to the relevant national authorities to provide notice of any fatality. For this reason, this report uses fatality data of coalition forces as compiled by CNN.com and posted online at <http://www.cnn.com/SPECIALS/2004/oef.casualties/index.html>.

Casualty data of Afghan civilians are reported quarterly by the United Nations Assistance Mission to Afghanistan (UNAMA). Deaths of Afghan National Police and Afghan National Army personnel are reported by the Special Inspector General for Afghanistan Reconstruction in the quarterly reports to Congress that are required as part of P.L. 110-181.

Because the estimates of Afghan casualties contained in this report are based on varying time periods and have been created using different methodologies, readers should exercise caution when using them and should look to them as guideposts rather than as statements of fact.

This report will be updated as needed.

The following tables present data on U.S. military casualties in Operation Enduring Freedom, deaths of coalition partners in Afghanistan, and Afghan casualties, respectively.

**Table 1. Operation Enduring Freedom, U.S. Fatalities and Wounded**

as of June 23, 2010, 10 a.m. EDT from October 7, 2001

	Fatalities In and Around Afghanistan <sup>a</sup>	Fatalities in Other Locations <sup>b</sup>	Total Fatalities <sup>c</sup>	Wounded in Action	
Hostile <sup>d</sup>	817	8	825	Returned to Duty within 72 Hours	2,915
Non-Hostile <sup>e</sup>	221	70	291	Not Returned to Duty within 72 Hours	3,554
Total	1,038	78	1,116	Total	6,469

**Source:** <http://www.defense.gov/news/casualty.pdf>

- “Fatalities in and around Afghanistan” include casualties that occurred in Afghanistan, Pakistan, and Uzbekistan.
- “Other locations” includes casualties that occurred in Guantanamo Bay (Cuba), Djibouti, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Jordan, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, the Philippines, Seychelles, Sudan, Tajikistan, Turkey, and Yemen.
- Fatalities include two Department of Defense civilian casualties.
- According to the Department of Defense *Dictionary of Military and Associated Terms*, as amended through 31 August 2005, a “hostile casualty” is a victim of a terrorist activity or a casualty as the result of combat or attack by any force against U.S. forces, available at <http://handle.dtic.mil/100.2/ADA43918>.
- The above-named reference defines a “nonhostile casualty” as a casualty that is not directly attributable to hostile action or terrorist activity, such as casualties due to the elements, self-inflicted wounds, or combat fatigue.

**Table 2. American Casualties by Year through June 23, 2010**

Year	Total Deaths	Total Wounded in Action
2001	11	33
2002	49	74
2003	45	99
2004	52	214
2005	98	268
2006	98	401
2007	117	752
2008	155	793
2009	311	2,131
2010 through June 23	180	1,695

**Source:** <http://siadapp.dmdc.osd.mil/personnel/CASUALTY/oefmonth.pdf>

**Table 3. Deaths of Coalition Partners in Afghanistan**

Country	# of Deaths	Country	# of Deaths
Australia	16	Lithuania	1
Belgium	1	Netherlands	24
Canada	149	Norway	5
Czech Republic	3	Poland	19
Denmark	33	Portugal	2
Estonia	7	Romania	13
Finland	1	South Korea	1
France	44	Spain	28
Germany	43	Sweden	4
Hungary	2	Turkey	2
Italy	24	United Kingdom	303
Latvia	4	—	—
Total Non-U.S. Coalition Fatalities		729	

**Sources:** CNN U.S. and Coalition Casualties, <http://www.cnn.com/SPECIALS/2004/oef.casualties/2010.02.html>, updated May 14, 2010; CNN Casualties in Afghanistan; Canada's Department of National Defence, <http://www.forces.gc.ca/site/news-nouvelles/fallen-disparus/index-eng.asp>; United Kingdom Ministry of Defense, <http://www.mod.uk/DefenceInternet/FactSheets/OperationsFactSheets/OperationsInAfghanistanBritishFatalities.htm>; "Factbox: Military Deaths in Afghanistan," Reuters News, June 23, 2010, and "Two Italian Soldiers Killed in Afghanistan," Reuters News, May 17, 2010.

**Table 4. Afghan Casualties**

Group	Period	# of Deaths	Note
Afghan Civilians	December 28, 2009-March 31, 2010	737 killed	
		979 injured <sup>a</sup>	
	2009	2,412 killed	67% of civilian deaths were attributed to actions of anti-Government elements (78% of these deaths were caused by improvised explosive devices and suicide attacks).  25% of civilian deaths were attributed to pro-Government forces.  8% of civilian deaths were the result of cross-fire or improperly detonated ordnance.
		3,566 injured <sup>b</sup>	
	2008	2,118 <sup>c</sup>	
	2007	1,523 <sup>c</sup>	
Afghan National Army	December 28, 2009-March 31, 2010	90 <sup>d</sup>	
	January-December 27, 2009	292 <sup>e</sup>	
	2007-2008	537 <sup>f</sup>	

Group	Period	# of Deaths	Note
Afghan National Police	December 28, 2009-March 31, 2010	157 <sup>g</sup>	
	January-December 27, 2009	639 <sup>h</sup>	
	2007-2008	1,412 <sup>i</sup>	

**Sources:** Compiled by the Congressional Research Service from noted sources.

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- i. Special Inspector General for Afghanistan Reconstruction, *Quarterly Report to the United States Congress*, July 30, 2009, p. 60, [http://www.sigar.mil/reports/quarterlyreports/Jul09/pdf/Report\\_-\\_July\\_2009.pdf](http://www.sigar.mil/reports/quarterlyreports/Jul09/pdf/Report_-_July_2009.pdf).

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